# FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 29 THE JOURNAL CIRCULATED 295,700 COPIES; DAILY AVERAGE, 42,242

IN PRESIDENT TO BE KANSAS CITY'S GUEST.

TIME AFTER OCTOBER 9

WILL ATTEND THE CEREMONIES AT

CHICAGO WITH HIS CABINET,

the United States-Mayor Jones Will Have Official Invitation Extended to Him by the Council.

Kansas City will have an opportunity to welcome a distinguished visitor next October, when Porfirio Diaz, president of the republic of Mexico, together with the mem- last night, "and I was a Texas Democrat

which Kansas City manufacturers and wholesalers can supply in unlimited quan-tities almost any article called for, he cannot help but be impressed with the idea that this is the place for Mexico to pur-chase its supplies. I have no plan in mind as to the manuer in which he and his as to the manner in which he and his party should be entertained here, but ex-pect to leave that to our commercial asparty should be entertained here, but expect to leave that to our commercial associations, who will see to it that they do not leave the city without carrying with them an impression that will make them want to come back again at an early date."

"It would be a great blessing to Mexico and a corresponding advantage to the United States, and especially the West," said ex-Consul General Crittenden yesterday, "If President Diaz should visit this country and bring with him all the avenue.

A TEXAN'S POLITICAL FLOP. Lifelong Texas Democrat Announce

tinued Good Times. "I have been a Democrat all my life," said W. Q. Richards at the Midland hotel

He Is for McKinley and con-

GENERAL FORFIRIO DIAZ.

President of Mexico, Who Will Undoubtedly Visit Kansas City This Fall.

bers of his cabinet, will spend a day here. at that, but I am going to vote the Re-

The exact date of the president's arrival publican ticket at the next presidential

eighth anniversary of the great Chicago fire, have received assurances that General Porfirio Diaz, president of the republic of Mexico, will be pleased to consider a formal invitation for himself and cabinet, to visit the United States and attend this celebration and meet President McKinley and company to the president of the Republican of the made in cattle. Continuing the conversation along political lines, he continued:

"Of course, Texas will go Democratic again, but Bryan has lost much of his strength in that state. I know of many the presidential election."

has not been fixed, but it will be some election, and don't you forget it."

Chicago, July 28, 1899.

time after October 9.

lowing letter from Chicago:

To the Honorable Mayor, City of Kansas

Sir:-The committee having in charge the

ment building in this city by President Mo-

Kinley, on the occasion of the twenty-

eighth anniversary of the great Chicago

ebration and meet President McKinley and

We feel that the formal invitation will be accepted by President Diaz, and it is proposed in that event, after he shall have finished his visit to Chicago, to take him and his party by special train to a number of the most prominent cities in the country.

Country.

In considering a possible itinerary to be hereafter submitted to him for approval, it was thought to arrange for a stop at Kansas City for a day when an opportunity would be be given your citizens for extending such courtesies as might be thought described.

I therefore write you to suggest, if agree-

I therefore write you to suggest, if agreeable to you, that you prepare a formal invitation to his excellency, Porfirio Diaz, president of Mexico, for himself and party, tendering them a welcome to your city, and forward the same to me, addressed room 611, Monadnock block, Chicago, Ill., when, as soon as the formal invitation from the general committee is prepared, your invitation, together with many others, will be made a part thereof, and delivered by a special committee to be sent from Chicago, leaving here on August 5, next. It might be well, if you think it advisable, also to cave your city council pass resolutions extending the hospitalities of your city to Fresident Diaz, and let a copy of the resolutions be made a part of your official letter. I inclose a copy of the resolutions passed by the city council of Chicago, which may serve as a guidance to you in preparing resolutions for your city council.

As it is desired that President Diaz visit

As it is desired that President Diaz visit this country in October, I would suggest that you indicate that month in your in-

vitation.

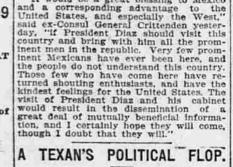
I take this occasion to state that in due time we shall be pleased to extend you an invitation to attend this celebration on the 5th of October next.

Trusting that we may have your co-operation in this matter at your early convenience, and awaiting your reply, which I hope to receive before August 1, I am yours very truly.

yours very truly, CHARLES U. GORDON.

CHARLES U. GORDON.
Chairman Committee of Arrangements.
On Monday night Mayor Jones will have
introduced in the council a resolution inviting the president and his cabinet to become the guests of the city, and will inclose this resolution in his reply to Mr.
Gordon's letter.

his cabinet, as guests of said committee.



A Kansas City banker-John F. Downing, president of the New England National bank-has an idea which, if carried out, he believes will result in an almost perfect system of taxation and will, in a measure at least, relieve this country of its burden

Mr. Downing's scheme is merely to continue our present system of documentary internal revenue tax with such modifications or extensions as experience may prove advisable. He has given the subject much study and his high position in Kansas City financial affairs gives his theory much weight.

Much has been said during late years of a graduated income tax to apply to national affairs, but that system is much more expensive and easier to evade than

Should the stamp tax be continued it might be advisable to change it in some respects but from experience of the past year I see very few imperfections in it. By continuing the present documentary and other internal revenue taxes, tariff duties could be lowered and gradually dispensed with, thus doing away with the protection idea and throwing open our markets

I was a supporter of protective tariff a few years ago, and still where the neces-Country Can Compete With the World. "During the past year we have largely

exported our manufactured products to almost every country on the globe in direct German and with English, French manufacturers, and if we can com-French manufacturers, and if we can compete successfully abroad we can do so at home. The tendency is towards lower tariffs and our tariff income is fast decreasing because we no longer import as many articles as formerly, our own manufacturers not only supplying domestic demand but exporting to the countries that a few years ago supplied us. Thus from year to year the deficit between governmental running expenses, which are growing larger, and the fariff income, which is growing smaller, is more pronounced. While the to year the deficit between governmental running expenses, which are growing lurger, and the fariff income, which is growing smaller, is more pronpunced. While the stamp act does not pay the full expenses of the government at the present time, it will do so when the effects of the Spanish war are over."

Mr. Downing then figured on some desired to the prospects this season. items of taxation under the stamp act with deductions as to the classes which pay the

Banks Would Collect the Tax. "First," he said, "there are the banks which would be the inexpensive means of collecting much of the tax. The loans of the six national banks in Kansas City amount to about \$24,500,000 at the present election, and don't you forget it."

Mr. Richards is one of the best known cattlemen in Texas, and owns one of the largest ranches. His purchase of the Hesperium ranch belonging to a Marca City banks. But practically all these loans are for ninety days, and are renewed at least perian ranch, belonging to a Kansas City four times a year which would bring the company, at a cash consideration of \$250,- stamp income to \$19,600 on this one item

ceremonies attending the laying of the Panhandle on the Fort Worth & Denver action over 10,000 cattle. It is situated in the additional expense involved in the trans-Other bank paper, such as checks, cer-



F. DOWNING.

at Kansas City. tificates of deposit, drafts, stock, etc., Lieutenant Haines, who is recruiting soldiers for service in the Philippines, received a letter from a man in La Harpe, Kas., yesterday, asking him to send there and get forty men who were ready to enlist. He will order one of the lieutenants to go there and enlist the men.

A telegram was received by Lieutenant Haines from Assistant Adjutant General Ward, yesterday, directing him to continue enlisting both cavalry and infantry for service in the Philippines until further orders.

ders.
Lieutenant H. K. Love, one of the rough riders, enlisting in Kansas, reported to Lieutenant Haines that he had secured thirty-two men at Galena. Lieutenant Haines has enlisted thirty men in the past

perian ranch, belonging to a Kansas City

railroad. Mr. Richards went to Texas

twenty years ago without a dollar, and to-day is worth \$500,000, all of which he

nominee next presidential election. The reason for this is simply that the progres-

reason for this is simply that the progressive men in Texas want to see times good and money plentiful, and we believe the Bepublican party will keep up its record. "We have watched Kansas City's campaign for the national Democratic convention with much interest, and hope you will get it. Kansas City, in my opinion, is the ideal convention city. Should the cattlemen's convention, the fat stock show and the cattle growers' convention meet together again next year, I hope they will come to Kansas City in preference to Fort Worth, which is too small a town to accommodate them all at one time. We are all looking to Kansas City to set the pace for the West, and we are firm believers in her great future."

TO CONTINUE ENLISTING.

Assistant Adjutant General Sends Or-

ders to Lieutenant Haines

Delay in Coaling at Mantle.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—There has been great difficulty in coaling the transports at Manila, which has caused delay in sending home the volunteers. There is now on the way to Manila hoisting apparatus which will enable the ships to be coaled at the rate of 600 tons a day.

The Hoopingarner method of curing dis close this resolution in his report of Gordon's letter.

The manner in which the president and his party will be entertained will be left to the Commercial Club, Manufacturers' Association and other bodies representing ease without the use of drugs as practiced at the World's Temple of Healing, Holden Mo., is attracting general attention, both because the cures announced are of people like Mrs. S. W. Jurden, wife of the Holder Association and other bodies representing commercial interests.

"The advantages that will be derived and because the treatment is thoroughly commercially from this visit," said Mayor rational and scientific, embracing magnetism, but and vapor baths, manipulation, it is bound to bring Kansas City and Mexico into closer commercial relations and increase the trade that now exists between the two places. Kansas City is the matural base of supplies for the larger portion of the republic, and when President Diaz is given a chance to see for himself our immense resources and the manner in

KANSAS CITY BANKER HAS A UNIQUE PLAN.

APPROVES WAR TAX STAMP ACT

CANNOT BE DEVISED.

Duties Could Be Lowered and the Burden of Government Maintenance Would Fall on the Rich.

to the world's competition.

000 last fall, was one of the sensations of There are other private banks that the year in cattle circles. The ranch occelebration of Chicago day, Monday, Oc-cupies 90,000 acres, and is stocked with panies, etc., who can well afford the slight

bring in a handsome revenue in a year. Outside of banks there are corporation stocks bought, sold or transferred warstocks bought, sold or transferred war-rantee deeds, real estate mortgages and legal acknowledgements. All require stamps and contribute to the national treasury. Nowhere is the poor man hurt. He is rarely concerned in any of the above transactions save in the case of checks, and they are stamped before he gets them. It is a tax on the rich, and the burden is equally borne through all gradations of society." Mr. Downing believes the stamp tax will be permanently maintained as a

KATIE DONNELLY MISSING. 15-Year-Old Girl Who Was Sent to

Make Purchases Has Not Returned. Katie Donnelley, living at 928 Wyandotte, street, has disappeared from her home. by her father and sent to make some small purchases at the store, and never returned. She is about 15 years old, rather large for her age, and prepossessing in appearance. It is not thought that she has met with foul play, but the theory points to temporary insanity.

Kansas City Arrivals in New York. NEW YORK, July 29.—(Special.) Kansas City ar-rivals: Imperial, D. Dunlap, buyer for Emery, Bird, Thayer & Co., St. Denia, W. H. Bahrer, C. Seested, Miss Dunckley, Miss Pinnigan and L. A. Mendel-sohn; Park Avenue, E. Downs and wife.

The Cooper Medical Company has removed from the New Ridge building to 701 Main street, upstairs. See their ad on

## TAX THEORY PEACE CONFERENCE CLOSED. ALASKAN DISPUTE Sixteen Nations Have Signed the Arbitration Convention and Fif-

teen the Other Two. THE HAGUE, July 29, 2 p. m.-The in- BOUNDARY QUESTION MUCH DIS-

ternational peace conference met for its final sitting to-day, when it was announced that sixteen states had signed the arbitration convention, fifteen the other two conventions, seventeen the declaration pro- NO hibiting the throwing of projectiles or explosives from balloons; sixteen the decaration prohibiting the use of asphyxiat-SAYS A MORE EQUITABLE SCHEME ing gas and fifteen the declaration prohibiting the use of expansive bullets, Baron De Staal delivered the farewell uddress, thanking the representatives of foreign states. He said the work ac complished, while not so complete as might se desired, was sincere, wise and practical. The great principles of the sovereignty of individual states and international solidarity, apparently so opposing, had been reconciled by what they had accomplished He affirmed that, in time to come, institutions which had their origin in the need of concord would be the dominating influence, and that thus the work of the con-

ference was truely meritorious. Minister Esteurnelles and Dr. Beaufor followed, the latter saying that, if the conference had not realized Utopian dreams, nevertheless it had disproved pessimistic forebodings, and the moral effect would more and more influence public opinion and ald governments to solve the question of the limitation of armaments, which still remains a source of grave consideration for the statesmen of all countries. Baron De Staal then declared the con-

The three conventions dealing with ar much weight.

"There could scarcely be a more equitable scheme devised for taxation for governmental maintenance," said Mr. Downing, "than the war tax stamp act now in force. It is not only more accurate and more easily collected than tariff tax, but the cost of its operation is infinitely less.

that under reserve. Romania also made reservation.

The three declarations prohibiting the throwing of explosives from balloons, the use of asphyxiating projectiles and the use or dumdum bullets were not signed by Germany. Austra-Hungary. China, England, Italy, Japan, Luxumberg. Servia or Switzerland and the United States signed only under the declaration regarding the throwing of explosives from balloons.

### ANOTHER ADVANCE IN LUMBER. Prices to Be Marked Un 50 Cents Monday, This Being the Fifth Advance This Season.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., July 29.-Lum ber will advance another 50 cents straight Monday, this being the fifth marked adsity for it exists, but I believe nearly all vance in prices this year. The lumber inof our manufacturing industries are now terests claim to be entirely justified in adin a position to compete with other nations. vancing the pric. It has been many years

GLASS UP ANOTHER NOTCH.

Prices Have Advanced About 30 Per Cent Since the Beginning of the Season.

PITTSBURG, PA., July 29.—The American Glass Company sent out circulars to day announcing to the trade an advance of 5 per cent in the price of glass, to take effect August 1. The last advance in prices was made on June 20, which, including the present increase, makes the advance in the price of glass since the opening of the fire about 20 per cent. Prospects for a large fall trade are said to be good in all parts of the country, and next month like to have it in my own words. I uttered no sentiment reflecting on Canada at any itime. I, therefore, could not adopt the utterances in question, and when my attention was directed to them, I was, as a public unterance of the will be held August 10.

To TECT 10. WHAPA A Conference with the American Glass Company will be held August 10.

In connection with the Alaskan dispute, Right Hon. H. H. Asquith, formerly secretary of state for the home department. In a Canadian paper recently repudiated or the Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein he had been inaccurately reported, Mr. Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein he had been inaccurately reported, Mr. Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein he had been inaccurately reported, Mr. Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein he had been inaccurately reported, Mr. Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein he had been inaccurately reported, Mr. Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein he had been inaccurately reported, Mr. Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein he had been inaccurately reported, Mr. Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein he had been inaccurately reported, Mr. Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein he had been inaccurately reported, Mr. Asquith was visited by the correspondent to-day, to ask wherein

direuit court, held the law constitutions, circuit court, held the law companies must pay annually 1 per cent of premiums received; american companies outside Iowa, 2½ per cent. cent; non-American companies, 5 per ce

Dickinson Will Buy in Taxes. ABILENE, KAS., July 29.—(Special.) The county commissioners this morning passed a resolution instructing the county treasurer to buy in all delinquent taxes for the county under the new law. Several years ugo the county followed this plan under the old law, but gave it up as too expen-sive. It is believed that it will save the

ABILENE, KAS., July 29.—(Special.) The Commercial Club has decided to give Abilene a grand corn festival day instead of a street fair, owing to the lack of time to provide for the latter. Plenty of money was forthcoming, over \$1,5% being raised in three days. The celebration will lude a flower parade and prizes for corr

## Postmasters to Be Invited.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Four thousand post-nasters of the United States will be inmasters of the United States will be in-vited to attend the federal building corerstone exercises next October. The list includes the first class postmasters throughout the country, and all the post-masters of Illinois and some from Iowa, Indiana, Wisconsin and Michigan.

BRIEF BITS OF NEWS.

The number of enlistments for the Philippine regiments Friday was 456, making a total of 7,092. Moore & Cass, owners of the Richmond mine, near Webb City, Mo., sold out yes-terday to Ohio parties for \$60,000.

terday to Ohio parties for \$60,000.
Arthur S. Sallee was yesterday appointed postmaster at Akron. Harrison county, Mo., in the place of N. H. Brown.
Frank A. Barrett, of St. Louis, has been appointed a plumber at the quartermaster's department at large at Fort Sill, O. T. E. Z. Hutchinson, of Wichita, and Walter F. Messlinger, of Morgantown, Kas., and John H. Wallace, of Shawnee, O. T., have been appointed railway mail clerks. Judge Casteel, of the criminal court of DeKalb, Mo., has sent to jail Dr. Clar-eine Sampson, William Sampson and Elma Martin, druggists, for violating the liquor

CUSSED IN LONDON.

UNANIMITY OF OPINION

OFFICIAL VIEW SEEMS TO FAVOR A COMPROMISE,

However, Is Opposed to Yielding to the United States-Many Ohio Politicians Are in London.

Thomas B. Reed, former speaker of the house of representatives, greatly enjoyed his run on the Continent. Mr. Reed said to the correspondent of the Associated Press.)

LONDON, July 22.—The Alaskan boundary dispute again looms large in the newspapers, and a heated discussion is raging for and against the latest suggestion that a harbor should be leased, to Canada. The official view seems to favor this compromise as a general basis for a friendly arrangement. It is pointed out that, as the United States, Canada and Great Britain have to live as righds, neither side can afford to assume a non-possumus attitude or act as if it was the last transaction to be arranged, and as the main question at issue, though almost lost to view amons the multitude of irritating side issues, was a means of easy access to the Kindike, the lease of a harbor would seem to meet the practical needs of Canada.

On the other hand, the Saturday Review voices the feeling of a considerable section of the public in pointing out that, by accepting the suggested suttlement Canada debars hergelf from again raising the question of territorial right and becomes a mere licensee where she claims to be the owner in fee simple. Many think the proposed compromise would lead to endless complications, annoyances, acts of retaliation and attempts on one side to exceed their own or restrict the other side's rights. Under the proposed compromise, the Saturday Review thinks Canada ought in no event to surrender her rights in international law unless she concurrently re-

in no event to surrender her rights in international law unless she concurrently reeives considerable concessions from the

The Saturday Review proceeds to claim that Canada now suffices for herself, both politically and economically, and has no

United States on other questions before

The inrush of Americans is unabated, and they are to be seen everywhere. They are lavish purchasers of everything that strikes their fancy. Shopkeepers say this is the best American season since the financial panic of 1893, and declare that the new customs regulations seem not to affect purchases, and the sign, conspicuous in many shop windows. "Prices made to meet the American tariff," is apparently superfluous. This is nerticularly true as regards art and and curio dealers, who say that Americans no longer ask the price of an article, but rurchase the most expensive objects they

The return of Flunger King Graman to London is believed to foreshadow a vigorous turf campaign by the American contingent and the fact that no one has been 
able to ride Lord William Beresford's 
horses to victory since the suspension of 
Tod Sloan has done much to renew faith in 
him and to create the belief that he will 
repeat his brilliant successes when he re-

The poignancy of American disappointment over the loss of the international university athletic games was at first too great to permit of a realization of the true value of the contests and how much the achievements of the Harvard-Yale team have done for international athletics, team have done for international admires, but before starting for Paris to-day, a lead-ing member of the team said to the corre-spondent of the Associated Press: ing member of the team said to the correspondent of the Associated Press:

"I am convinced that, as far as substantial benefits are concerned, our defeat has done more for us than victory could have done. It has spurred our English friends to know us better. One of the great successes of the meeting is the fact that English amateurs have learned that we can stand defeat without attempts to excuse and without quibbling, and while the closeness of the contests demonstrated that we were fees worthy of their steel, the way we have borne defeat has proved to them that Americans are true sportsmen. Undoubtedly both sides have learned much, especially in the matter of training."

It is quite pathetic to see how Burke, the Harvard runner, takes defeat. He has been in bed most of the week with cramps and acute pains in the stomach. His illness is aggravated by the belief that he alone is responsible for the Americans defeat.

The correspondent of the Associated

feat.
The correspondent of the Associated Press saw him to-day, looking haggard and ill. Burke has lost fourteen pounds within the week; but he talked in a man-Hopson Burleson, Cheyenne; Benjamin R. Smith, of Woodward, and J. F. Trimble, of Seward, O. T., and Samuel T. Bledsoe, of Ardmore, I. T., have been admitted to practice before the interior department at practice before the interior department at

condition. When I covered 200 yards I knew I was beaten. Graham had a lot in him, and finished strong as a bull. Yes, Wendell knew of my condition, but we were not throwing away any chances, and so I determined to do my best, and was well beaten by the best man I ever met. He is a stronger man than Jordan, whom I defeated in America. Now I say goodby to the running path. I have given away my pumps and breeches, and will never set foot upon the track again. "As regards a meeting next year it is proposed that a British team visit the United States about Easter, but that is almost our winter season; and then many will fock over to the Paris exposition. Altogether there seem to be a great many difficulties in the way. One thing I can say as a Harvard man; 'We hope to challenge Cambridge on the river.'"

The Saturday Review devotes a leading article to severe criticism of the American athletes, who "possess virtues we oft associate with professional training," and comes to the conclusion that Americans are the better gymnasts, and Englishmen the better athletes.

comes to the conclusion that Americans are the better gymnasts, and Englishmen the better athletes. The Spectator, after congratulating itself that all the long races were won by En-glishmen, says the American team con-

glishmen, says the American team con-tained at least four Irish or Irish-Ameri-Thomas B. Reed, former speaker of the

DID DEWEY SAY IT? Quoted as Predicting That "Our Next

War Will Be With Germany."

## Mayor Ziegenhein Writes to Prestdent McKinley in Regard to the Drainage Canal.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.-Mayor Ziegenhein, terance."

The simultaneous presence in London of Congressmen C. H. Grosvenor and T. E. Burton and H. A. Garfield, coupled with the announcement that United States Senator M. A. Hanna will soon arrive here, is believed to indicate the possibility of an important Ohio political conference here panies Will Carry the Case to the Supreme Court.

DES MOINES, I.A., July 29.—Thirty European insurance companies have notified the state of Iowa they will go to the federal supreme court with the case seeking to prove the unconstitutionality of this state's insurance law, Judge Shiras, in the federal circuit court, held the law constitutional. It provides that Iowa companies must pay annually 1 per cent of premiums received; American companies outside Iowa, 2½ per cent; Ion-American companies, 5 per cent.

The simultaneous presence in London of Congressmen C. H. Grosvenor and T. E. Burton and T. E. Burton and H. A. Garfield, coupled with the announcement that United States Senator M. A. Hanna will soon arrive here, is believed to indicate the possibility of an important Ohio political conference here next week. Horace L. Chapman, who was the Democratic candidate for governor of Ohio In 1897, and who is just closing a European tour, tells the correspondent here of the Associated Press that despite the action of his friends, he will not be a candidate before the Ohio Democratic constitutional it provides that Iowa companies must pay annually 1 per cent of premiums received; American companies outside Iowa, 2½ per cent; Ion-American companies, 5 per cent. of this city, to-day took a hand in oppos-

The inrush of Americans is unabated, and | Party of Twenty-nine Young Men Left Philadelphia for Liverpool

Yesterday. PHILADELPHIA, July 29.-Twenty-nine Mormon missionaries from Utah sailed on the steamer Pennland from this port for Liverpool to-day. They are all young men. In speaking of their missionary work in foreign lands, R. G. McIlvarrie, one of the party, said: "There are 3,000 Mormon missionaries now

at work all over the world, and the num-ber is daily increasing. Every man goes at his own expense, and because of the faith that is in him."

## RUSSIA DOESN'T LIKE IT. Greatly Irritated at Signs of Restors tion of Friendliness Between

ST. PETERSBURG, July 29.-The ten dency manifested by France towards rap-prochement with Germany is causing great rritation and suspense in Russia newspapers here express in strong terms their great dissatisfaction, and try to demonstrate that Russia and France could not admit Germany to their intimacy without prejudice to themselves, as the Franco-Russian alliance is based upon objects diametrically opposed to the alms of Germany

France and Germany.

To Welcome Iowa Volunteers. DES MOINES, IA., July 29.—Governor Shaw and staff will go to San Francisco, accompanied by a party of state officials and other prominent people, to receive the Fifty-first lown volunteers on their return from the Philippines, about September 15, it is expected that a party of nearly 109 leading lowans will receive the regiment

WASHINGTON, July 29.-The navy de partment has arranged to send the Prairie to Europe some time during next winter. She will be used in connection with the American exhibit at the Paris exposition, American exmost at the Paris exposition, and may be employed in conveying the naval and other portions of the govern-ment exhibit to Paris.

Hotel Victoria. The coolest. Bath with every room. Bates, \$2.00 and \$2.50.
O. B. STANTON, Prop.

Woolf Bros. sell all \$25, \$22.50. \$18 and \$15 spring suits to-morrow at the uniform price of \$19.85. See ad on page 2.

NATURE OF CLEVELAND STREET CAR STRIKE HAS CHANGED

PEOPLE ARE WITH STRIKERS

HELPING THEM TO FORCE THE COMPANY TO TERMS.

Merchants Boycotted for Riding and for Selling Goods to People Who Ride-Boycott of Troops May, Lead to Serious Trouble.

CLEVELAND, July 29.-Although order has been practically restored within the city, the railroad strike has resolved itself into a general boycott of the Big Coasolidated Company and everybody who rides upon its cars. Apparently the strikers have the sympathy and active co-operation of all the labor organizations in the city. Not only are merchants being punished for riding on the tabooed cars, but they are warned against selling goods to other people who do ride, on threat of losing the trade of union men. Instance are given in which druggists have refused to sell medicine to people who were ac cused of patronizing the Big Consolidated, riding on the cars while going to see their patients. The boycott is most severe on the small dealers who do business streets that are populated largely by union men and their sympathizers. A number of these merchants have published advertisements to-day, offering rewards ranging from \$25 to \$500 for reliable evidence that they or any of their clerks or relatives have ridden on the cars since the strike began, and a number of communications have been sent to the papers by physicians, grocers, butchers and others, protesting their innocence of the charge of having

patronized the railroad company. As yet the big retail merchants have not felt the effects of the boycott severely, though it is said some of them have been requested to forbid their clerks to ride on the cars. Thousands of working people are going to and from their homes in busses of every kind and description, from huckster wagons to tally-hoes and in certain sections of the city the cars

Monday, this being the fifth marked ad vance in prices this year. The lumber is treated claim to be entirely justified in advancing the pric. It has been many year, and the first in the case of the United States, that a vancing the pric. It has been many year, and the present season has shown, and, even with the advancing prices, the demand continues to exceed the supply. In the case of the United States, that the dayancing prices, the demand continues to exceed the supply. In the case of the Britain could revive the annexation to exceed the supply. In the case of the Britain could revive the annexation of Grant Britain could revive the annexation of the supply. In the case of the Britain could revive the annexation of the supply. In the case of the supply in the case of the supply in the case of the Britain could revive the annexation of the supply in the case of the supply. In the case of the supply in the case of the Britain could revive the annexation of the supply in the sup

Governor Bushnell has notified Adjutant General Axline, commanding the statas troops here, that he entirely approves of his action in not allowing soldiers of the Ohio national guard to nerform special police duty. In an interview concerning the matter. Adjutant General Axline is quoted as saying: "I believe I have taken the right stand, for I have been congratulated by many prominent business men of the city. They say I have done just right. When martial law is proclaimed, then it is time for the soldiers to perform police duty. I have given instructions that the soldiers shall not ride on the cars of the company for the purpose of protecting them. That is the duty of the police. If the police call upon an officer of a company to furnish soldiers to accompany a car to the scene of trouble with which he is unable to cope, then a detachment of soldiers are made, the policemen must make them.

"The soldiers will stand by ready to as-Governor Bushnell has notified Adjutant

arrests are made, the policemen must make them.

"The soldiers will stand by ready to assist or protect the policemen in performing their duty. No soldiers will perform duty on cars unless there is at least one patroliman on the car."

SPRINGFIELD, O. July 22.—Governor Bushnell said to-day he had advices from General Axline which led him to believe the backbone of the Cleveland strike is broken. The length of time militia will be kept in Cleveland will be left to the discretion of General Axline.

Governor Bushnell said: "I think the Cleveland authorities might have handled the strikers themselves if they had provided proper police protection."

COAL STRIKE MORE SERIOUS. Strikers Assume More Threatening Attitude and Negroes Are Hard

to Control. GALENA, KAS., July 29 .- (Special.) The strike in the coal district is assuming a very threatening aspect, the strikers are getting more incensed every day at the coal companies importing negro labor, and the coal companies are firmer in their de-termination to work their mines. One comtermination to work their mines. One company has over 300 negroes in one stockade at Scammon. About twenty negroes went from Galena to the coal district. Negroes are picked up all over Kansas and Missouri for coal mining. The strikers will not allow a negro outside the stockade and the negroes are getting very hard to control. A race war as well as one for individual rights is bourly expected to break out any place in the coal district. Sheriff Sparks has been called once to suppress miners and strikers at Scammon, also when a coal company would not bring out of its works one of the negro disturbers, he took a six-shooter and went down the mine and brought him up.

Porto Rican Customs Receipts. WASHINGTON, July 29.—The war department has made public its first complete statement of customs transactions with the several ports of Porto Rico for the first six months of 1899. The receipts from all sources for the six months named

Statesman, Author, Joekey, Pugilist. LIVERPOOL. July 29.—Senator Edward O. Wolcott, of Colorado; Israel Zangwill, the critic and novelist: Tod Sloan, the American jockey, and Pediar Palmer, the pugilist, salled for New York to-day on the Cunard line steamer.